## **Module 3.2** Managing Time and Space Pre-Test

Name	Date
<ol> <li>The ability to handle traffic situations depend A. the type, model, and make of your car.</li> <li>B. searching for hazards in advance.</li> <li>C. the quality of your driver education course</li> <li>D. the kind of highway you are on.</li> </ol>	·
<ul> <li>2 is used for targeting, reading at A. Perfect vision</li> <li>B. Fringe vision</li> <li>C. Central vision</li> <li>D. Peripheral vision</li> </ul>	signs, searching and interpreting.
<ul><li>3. A motorcycle in your right blind area is a</li><li>A. closed line of sight to right rear.</li><li>B. closed path of travel to right rear.</li><li>C. closed line of sight to left rear.</li><li>D. closed path of travel to left rear.</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>4. Searching involves seeing potential line of s</li> <li>A. the target area, about 20-30 seconds away</li> <li>and mirrors.</li> <li>B. the target, near and far and to the rear.</li> <li>C. all the zones, 12-15 seconds and 4-6 seconds.</li> <li>D. the immediate path of travel.</li> </ul>	y, 12-15 seconds away, 4-6 seconds away
<ul><li>5. A bicyclist on your right front is a</li><li>A. closed right front path of travel and line of</li><li>B. closed right front path of travel.</li><li>C. closed left front path of travel and line of s</li><li>D. closed left front path of travel.</li></ul>	
6. What should you do when approaching a cre	est of a hill?
7. Why is it important to have a "space manag	ement system" while driving?
8. You are the first in line when the light turns of to move ahead?	green. What should you do before you begin

- 9. Vehicle control skills are
  - A. braking, steering and signaling.
  - B. vision, motion, and steering.
  - C. central vision, fringe vision and peripheral vision.
  - D. lane position, open zones, vision.